(LIVth YEAR.) THE (No. 2703.)

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1798.

PROPERTY OF MARYLAND STATE LIBRARY

VENICE, *August* 17.

ACCORDING to the latest dispatches from the interior of Germany, the Austrian army, commanded by general Staader, is about to move from the banks of the Leck, where it is at this moment, towards Franconia, and that its head quarters will be established at Wurtemburg. On the other side a considerable body of Austrian troops has entered into Suabia. The same account adds, that a body of 15,000 troops is about to join the army of the Empire, and that 60,000 Russians are on their march for Bohemia.

GENOA, *July* 15.

The brig le Lodi, captain Leneguier, which had passed this place for Alexandria, whither she was bound with dispatches, was attacked at Porto Longone by the English brig Eagle, of double her force in men and guns; after an action of 4 hours, the English lost 25 men, and being disabled, were obliged to make off in order to regain their port. The Frenchman continued his rout, and did not appear to have suffered. This combat, sustained in view of a crowd of spectators, is infinitely honourable to our flag, and is a good omen for the fleet to which the brig belongs—The Lodi carries the ex-deputy Tallien, who is bound for Malta, as also the brave general Lanus.

VIENNA, *August* 25.

It is confidently asserted here, that the court of Russia has concluded an alliance with the Porte, and that a great body of Russian troops is on its march for the Turkish frontiers.

STRASBURG, *August* 20.

Hostilities will commence in a few days. Our garrison, composed of 10,000 men, has received orders to prepare for passing the Rhine. The engineers are employed upon the plan of a camp at Kehl: 60,000 men are ready on the Upper Rhine, under the command of Lefebre; they are going to pass the Rhine also. All the French deputation that was at Rastadt is upon its return hither—Bonnier and his two secretaries are still at Rastadt. Bonnier has declared to the princes, that those who sought a separate peace, shall furnish men, and march against the emperor. The design is to republicanize all the countries between the Rhine and the Danube. All Europe is in fermentation. The emperor means to attack at the same time, Switzerland by the Valteline, and the country of the Grisons; France by Kehl and Mentz; and Italy by Mantua. Prince Charles is appointed generalissimo of the Imperial troops. General Devins has witnessed the cordon at Hungary, where he is establishing an army to watch the motions of Passawan Oglou, who is advancing against Belgrade, and making an astonishing progress on the left bank of the Danube, where his strength is constantly increasing, by means of his exact discipline and punctual pay of his troops. The king of Prussia demanded the neutrality of Germany in the event of a new war between France and Austria. But Sieyes answered, "the emperor wishes for war, he shall have it, but the French directory cannot agree to any other neutrality than that pointed out by the present demarcation" Prussia persists in demanding from Austria an indemnification for the expences of the siege of Mentz, and the demand is countenanced. We are assured the kings of Prussia, Sweden and Denmark, will preserve an armed neutrality.—The emperor of Ruthia and the king of England have emissaries at all the courts of Europe for the purpose of effecting a coalition against France and the other republics.

COLOGNE, *August* 30.

On the 28th inst. our whole garrison marched to Giessen. We have now here only four companies of new corps, which arrived a few days since, and do duty with the city guard. The 6th regiment of dragoons has marched through Brussels for the Rhine, and will be followed by 8000 men. Great quantities of artillery and ammunition are in readiness at Lisle and Douay, for the same destination.

Letters from the frontiers of Italy, dated the 16th of August, state a war between France and Naples as certain. The French are forming two armies in Italy—the one to act against his Sicilian majesty—the other is assembling near Piacenza.

LEGHORN, *August* 15.

Letters received here to day from Naples, bring advice that the English fleet which sailed to Alexandria without meeting with the French fleet, has returned to Syracuse, in Sicily, and taken in fresh water; after which it sailed again for the coast of Asrica. It is now confidently believed, that the troops of general Buonaparte are landed, part at Alexandria in Egypt, and part at Alexandretta in Syria.

BERN, *August* 17.

Yesterday the two French camps near this city were hastily broken up, and several half brigades marched with all speed for the frontiers of the Grisons. Other bodies of troops will follow with forced marches. The head quarters will be removed to Sargans.

LIVERPOOL, *August* 20.

The Americans are giving a noble example of independency.—Friends originally to the French revolution, are earnestly desirous to be upon terms with them, they used every effort for that purpose, but in vain, and have therefore taken a decided measure, by the capture of a French privateer, and a determination to repel force by force. The veteran Washington comes from his retirement to direct their armies, and the people are resolved on the support of their government, for which purpose they are subscribing most liberally and with the highest spirit.

LONDON, *August* 2.

A very extraordinary phenomenon, from the refraction of the moon, was witnessed on the evening of the 28th ultimo, by some gentlemen off Brighton, while sailing in a pleasure boat in that direction, one of whom has favoured us with the following description of it: "We touched at Brighton on Thursday the 28th last month, and were agreeably surprised with a most extraordinary phenomenon, from the refraction of the moon, soon after its rising, on some cloud or fog behind it and the sea.—It had the appearance of a prodigious volcanic mountain, with the lava flowing down its sides into the ocean: it preserved this shape about ten minutes, and then gradually stretched into an immense and regular formed column of fire, continuing in this state about an equal time; from thence it changed to the most perfect resemblance of a castle, or rather an immense bastion of transparent fire, which remained entire, preserving this most beautiful and astonishing appearance above half an hour. We found, on walking to the Telegraph next morning, that it had been seen by the officer stationed there, who remarked, that, in the course of above thirty years constant service, he had never before witnessed any effect of the moon so uncommonly grand and awful."

PORTSMOUTH, *October* 13.

On Thursday last, at a few moments past 1 P. M. a most beautiful copper bottomed 20 gun ship, called *The Portsmouth*, and built for the service of the United States, was launched from the continental navy yard, *Langdon's* Island.

SALEM, *October* 12.

On Wednesday evening, captain John Devereux, in the schr. Rambler, arrived at Marblehead in 33 days from Lisbon. He informs, that Mr. Bulkley had received a letter from Mr. Humphreys, the American minister at Madrid, dated August 15, stating, that an account was received there, that Buonaparte failed from Malta on the 22d of June; that admiral Nelson arrived there soon after and immediately sailed in pursuit of him, whom he overtook about the 1st of July, when an engagement ensued, in which admiral Nelson was defeated, with the loss of three ships of the line.

Captain Devereux brought from Lisbon a number of English papers (which he gave to the officers of an English man of war from India, which he fell in with) and one of which, of the 18th of August, contained a similar account with the above, received in England from Holland. It did not rest on any official authority, and the English news writers gave no credit to it.

We have seen a gentleman who was at Naples as late as the 4th of July. Admiral Nelson's fleet of fourteen sail of the line passed that place about the 28th of June, in pursuit of Buonaparte.

BOSTON, *October* 20.

A Hamburg paper of September 1, observing on the letter of gen. *Washington*, accepting of the lieutenant-generalcy of the new American army, says, "FILLS the world with a confidence against the *French* it never before knew."

Extract of a letter from an American in England, dated September 1, 1798.

"I re-echo what you relate of the politics of America. Never was there a man like Washington, whom so many circumstances have combined to raise above all the rest of the world. He is almost worshipped even in this country. His letter on accepting his appointment and the president's answers to the addresses, have been printed in every paper. By calling forth the venerable and sole founders and supporters of our liberty, our cause is rendered doubly interesting. Thank Heaven, the friendship of our allies is acquired while the spirits of our *first warriors* animate us. We and England are the only nations who have seasonably shown a proper resentment of injuries; a proper contempt and detestation of a government, which subsists by plunder and fear. The sovereign people of France are truly to be pitied! The legislative corps are about establishing again a salt tax, equal to the ancient *Gabelle!!*

"The French have thrown a few troops into Ireland—but too late—and in a firm, peaceable part of the country. How happens it, that these enthusiastic revolutionizers fancy the whole world in love with them? And so misinformed with regard to that country and our own."

Let our grumblers about a land tax look at the re-establishment of a *salt tax* in France, which was one of the most odious and oppressive taxes under the old government.

Translated for the Centinel.

From Dutch papers, furnished us by captain Gale.

Trieste, August 8.

The complete destruction of the French fleet is confirmed by number of late informations. The 5th of July the English fleet overtook the French fleet in the waters of Candia. Nelson having previously dispatched some of his vessels, had but 14 sail of the line, while Buonaparte's fleet consisted of 17. Two days the fleets were unable to come to an action, it being a dead calm. On the 8th the wind blowed fresh from the westward, when the English admiral broke the French line, and cut off 8 vessels, one of which was the admiral's vessel, the L'Orient, of 120 guns, on board of which was general Buonaparte. After a terrible battle, in which Nelson was mortally wounded, the 8 French vessels were taken, and Buonaparte had to deliver up to Nelson his sword, as a prisoner of war. When the English learned the death of their admiral they got enraged, and no quarters were given; thus numbers of transport ships were sunk, the other flying French vessels were pursued, and the 11th of July the English effected a great destruction among them.

Venice, August 10.

Six French frigates, who escaped the fate of the Toulon fleet, have arrived at Moreau, in a most shattered condition, and totally unfitted for action. In other harbours of the Mediterranean, have likewise arrived several damaged French vessels of war. Some French vessels arrived at Candia, and all their crews and officers were immediately killed by the inhabitants.

Immediately after the action, the English took possession of the island Carigo.

During the action, Buonaparte had 3 reinforcements of men brought on board the L'Orient, from which may be concluded how great the slaughter on board his ship must have been.

Buonaparte expressed himself frequently during the action: such a cannonade I did never hear in my life. The misfortunes of the French fleet may, in a great measure, be ascribed to their vessels being manned with a rabble of Maltesians, Venetians, Romans, Cisalpines, &c. who, not knowing or minding their duty, thus contributed to the unsuccessful event.

Captains arrived this day from Zante, confirm the news of Nelson's victory over Buonaparte. This news has caused a revolution at Malta, Corfu, Zepholonia and Zante.

August 11.

It is reported that the Maltesians have revolted against the French, and killed the greatest part of 7000 French inhabitants of that island.

Paris, August 17.

Several bodies of the cavalry, of the army of the Rhine, have received orders to march for Italy.

TRENTON, *October* 17.

Extract of a letter from Mr. Dennis Walsh, at Barcelona, dated 25th August, 1798.

"An Ottoman captain arrived yesterday, in 34 days from the island of Idra in the Moreau, brings advice of general Buonaparte's having landed after a short and fruitless opposition on the part of the inhabitants, at Alexandria in Egypt. This news was received at Idra by a vessel from Alexandria. I can answer for the captain's having made the report, and the truth of its purport is believed by the best informed people here. The Ottoman adds, that several vessels had arrived at Idra, from Alexandria, all concurring in the French having landed at the latter place. They met with the English fleet, 22 sail of the line and 7 frigates, in the channel between the island of Rhodes and Alexandria, steering for the French fleet. It would appear that the landing took place about the 8th or 10th of July."

PHILADELPHIA, *October* 26.

Accounts from Constantinople mention the conflagration of Armouteul, a large town on the Bosphorus, which has been completely destroyed in the space of six hours.

The captain of the La Seduisie, French frigate, (taken by the British frigate the Sea Horse) has been broken by a decree of the Directory.

The commune of Paris alone is in arrear for 27 millions of livres of the contributions impoſed upon it.

The king of Pruſſia has invited the merchants of Konigſburg, Dantzick, Breſlaw, and Elbing, to ſtand *god fathers* to his new born princeſs. Kings begin to ſee the neceſſity of gaining the good will of their ſubjects.

The Batavian republic has offered its mediation in adjuſting the exiſting differences between France and America. Shimmelpennick, the Dutch miniſter at Paris, is engaged in the ſubject.

LATEST FROM FRANCE.

By captain Gibſon, of the ſhip George, in 34 days from Bourdeaux, arrived at Cheſter.

The expreſs which we diſpatched to Cheſter, did not arrive till late laſt evening. We, however, have endeavoured to tranſlate a few articles, for this day.—To-morrow we ſhall preſent our readers with much intereſting intelligence. It does not appear that hoſtilities had actually commenced between the emperor and the French, though every appearance exiſted that they would in a ſhort time. An article in a Paris paper of the 10th of September mentions, that a letter from Duſſeldorff ſays the French army is in full march towards Hanover.

In conſequence of an expectation at Vienna of hoſtilities recommencing, every perſon who had any connexion with Bernadotte, from his phyſician to his cook, have been arreſted. It is ſaid the number impriſoned amounts to 60.

An article from Cologne, dated September 4, ſays, "An expreſs which arrived here this day, brings intelligence that the French troops entered Arenſberg, on the Roer (circle of Weſtphalia) the day before yeſterday. Thus the line of demarcation muſt be either broken or annulled."

The Neapolitan ambaſſador was about to quit Paris. M. de Noruna is arrived at Paris in quality of ambaſſador extraordinary from the court of Portugal.

Under the head of Conſtantinople, Auguſt 17, we find it confidently aſſerted that Buonaparte is in poſſeſſion of Alexandria and Alexandretta, but had experienced much greater oppoſition than he expected. Particulars to-morrow.

FROM THE COURIER DE PARIS.

BRUSSELS, September 4.

All that remained of the troops on the left bank of the Rhine, without excepting even the garriſons of Cologne and Bonn, are in motion to join the main body of the army of Mayence, which occupies poſitions between the Lahn and the Nidda. General Joubert has iſſued the ſame orders to the troops which are in the electorate of Treves and the Luxemburg. Letters from the head quarters of the army of Mayence continue to aſſure us, that the campaign will be immediately opened unleſs the deputations of the empire at Raſtadt agree to all the demands that ſhall be made by the French miniſters without any exception.

Annapolis, November 1.

Yeſterday morning the roof of the houſe in the occupation of H. J. Stier, Eſquire, caught fire in ſeveral places, but by timely exertions the fire was prevented from doing any damage, except to the roof, which was conſiderably injured.

On Tueſday laſt the Jockey Club purſe of two hundred dollars was run for over the courſe near this city, and won by Mr. Tayloe's horſe Leviathan.

A ſweepſtakes was then run for and won by Mr. Tayloe's horſe Florizel. And,

On Wedneſday the colts purſe of one hundred dollars was run for and won by Mr. Ridgely's horſe Gunpowder.

IN COUNCIL.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS the general aſſembly of Maryland did, by an act paſſed at November ſeſſion, ſeventeen hundred and ninety, entitled, "An act directing the time, places and manner of holding elections for repreſentatives of this ſtate in the congreſs of the United States, and for appointing electors on the part of this ſtate for chooſing a preſident and vice-preſident of the United States, and for the regulation of the ſaid elections, and alſo to repeal the act of aſſembly therein mentioned," direct the governor and council, after having received the returns, papers and inſtruments containing the number of votes for each candidate for repreſentatives of this ſtate in the congreſs of the United States, ſhould enumerate and aſcertain the number of votes for each and every candidate and perſon choſen as repreſentatives, and by proclamation ſigned by the governor, and diſperſed through the ſtate, declare the names of the perſons duly elected as repreſentatives—we, in purſuance of the directions of the ſaid act, do by this our proclamation declare, that by the returns made to us, it appears that George Dent, John Chew Thomas, William Craik, George Baer, Samuel Smith, Gabriel Chriſtie, Joſhua Seney and John Dennis, Eſquires, are duly elected repreſentatives of this ſtate in the congreſs of the United States.

Given in council, at the city of Annapolis, under the ſeal of the ſtate of Maryland, this eighteenth day of October, in the year of our Lord one thouſand ſeven hundred and ninety-eight.

JOHN HENRY.

By the Governor,
NINIAN PINKNEY, clerk
of the governor and council.

ORDERED, That the foregoing proclamation be publiſhed in the Maryland Gazette, at Annapolis; the Eaſton, George-town, Frederick-town, and one of the Baltimore papers, once in each week, for the ſpace of four weeks ſucceſſively.

By order,

NINIAN PINKNEY.

THE HEROES OF MARYLAND,

A SONG—*To the tune of the Preſident's March.*

HAIL ye guardians of the State,
Who careful watch its freedom's fate,
And do celeſtial aid impart;
And do celeſtial aid impart;
To make its fame with radiance ſhine,
For virtue pure, and laws divine.
Whilſt France our juſt demands neglects,
And ev'ry claim of peace rejects;
Our nation's call we'll all obey,
And curb their proud imperious ſway.

CHORUS.

Ye heroes now come forth again,
Who fought upon th' enſanguin'd plain,
And gain'd the reward of victory,
Your rights ſecure, and liberty.

The golden age again reſtor'd,
Doth peace throughout the ſtate afford;
While Heaven itſelf defends our cauſe,
While Heaven itſelf defends our cauſe,
And doth diſpenſe with bounteous hand,
It's grateful bleſſings o'er the land.
The eagle now its wings hath ſpread,
In glory o'er Columbia's head,
To ſave her ſons from tyranny,
From deſpots vile, and anarchy.

CHORUS.

Ye heroes now come forth again, &c.

When Britain once with pride elate,
Prepar'd to check each riſing ſtate,
And ſpread confuſion thro' the land;
And ſpread confuſion thro' the land;
Our Patriots firm 'midſt war's alarm,
With valiant ardour beat to arms.
'Twas then by Waſhington inſpir'd,
Their breaſts with virtuous rage were fir'd,
And feeling for their country's woes,
Ruſh'd on to meet their daring foes.

CHORUS.

Ye heroes now come forth again, &c.

Let HOWARD's honour'd name be ſung,
With fond delight by ev'ry tongue,
'Till Eutaw Springs ſhall ceaſe to flow;
'Till Eutaw Springs ſhall ceaſe to flow;
For there the hero's worth was known,
His noble ſpirit there was ſhewn.
Great Stone and Smith, may all proclaim,
Their valiant deeds, and warlike fame,
And grant the warriors juſt applauſe,
For fighting in our glorious cauſe.

CHORUS.

Ye heroes now come forth again,
Who fought upon th' enſanguin'd plain,
And gain'd the reward of victory,
Your rights ſecure, and liberty.

To be SOLD, to the HIGHEST BIDDER, at the tavern of Mr. WHARRE, on Monday, Tueſday, and Wedneſday next, between the hours of eleven and one o'clock,

THE HOUSE now occupied by the ſubſcriber, living in the city of Annapolis, and oppoſite the government houſe; the improvements are, a good garden, a large ſtable, ſmoke houſe and kitchen, all in perfect repair, and well calculated for the accommodation of any family whatever. The terms of ſale are the following, to wit: one third of the purchaſe money to be paid on the delivery of the houſe, the other two thirds in payments of ſix months each. Bonds, with approved ſecurity, will be required for the ſemi-annual payments. The houſe and improvements may be ſeen at any time on application to the ſubſcriber.

F. PERIER.

N. B. On Friday the ninth of November, will be expoſed to public ſale, at the houſe above-mentioned, a valuable collection of kitchen and houſehold furniture, conſiſting of pots, kettles, plates, diſhes, an elegant mahogany wardrobe, mahogany chairs, tables, of the neateſt faſhion, looking glaſſes, &c. &c. and other articles too numerous to mention.

The furniture will be ſold for CASH only.

ALL perſons having claims againſt the eſtate of WILLIAM WYVIL, deceaſed, are requeſted to bring them in, legally authenticated, that they may be paid, and thoſe indebted to ſaid eſtate are deſired to make immediate payment, to

THOMAS M'NEIR, Adminiſtrator de bonis non to WILLIAM WYVIL.

Annapolis, October 29, 1798.

ALL perſons having claims againſt the eſtate of SARAH WYVIL, deceaſed, are deſired to bring them in, legally proved, and thoſe indebted are requeſted to make immediate payment; as I am anxious to ſettle the eſtate no indulgence can be given.

THOMAS M'NEIR, Adminiſtrator of SARAH WYVIL.

Annapolis, October 29, 1798.

THE ſubſcriber hereby gives notice, that he is under the diſagreeable neceſſity of applying to the next general aſſembly for an act of inſolvency, to relieve him from debts which he is unable to pay.

EDWARD FYE.

Charles county, October 5, 1798.

RAN away from the ſubſcriber, living near Annapolis, on the 17th inſtant, negro SUKEY, a ſtrong, ſtout, and luſty woman, of a brown complexion, with a flattiſh noſe, and thick under lip, about 21 years of age, 5 feet 6 inches high, with ſhort wool, uſed to plantation work, can ſpin, knit, &c. her cloathing uncertain, as ſhe took with her a ſtriped jacket, two white calico jackets, and white calico petticoats, and ſundry other cloaths; ſhe was bought of Mrs. LUSBY about five years ago, and has a couſin living there, but ſhe may be about Queen-Anne, as her mother lives with Solomon Sparrow; her acquaintance being pretty numerous ſhe may be about Annapolis, or made her way for Baltimore, there paſſing for a free woman. I will give EIGHT DOLLARS to any perſon that will bring her home, or ſecure her in any gaol, ſo that I get her again.

JOSEPH LEONARD.

October 23, 1798.

Forty Dollars Reward.

RAN away, on the 17th of February, from the ſubſcriber's plantation, five miles from Annapolis, a negro man named HARRY, he is 5 feet 2 or 3 inches high, ſtrong made, bow legs, and very black; had on an oſnabrig ſhirt, nankeen pantaloons, with ſtrings, coarſe cloth ſhort coat, much worn, and coarſe hat half worn; he had my leave to go to ſee his wife who then lived at the college in Annapolis, but ſhe has ſince gone to Upper Marlborough, where ſhe has all her family, by the name of CHUBB, or CHUBB, the mother's name is Peggy Chubb, and herſelf Eaſter, ſhe has ſeveral ſiſters and brothers in Prince George's county, particularly in town; it is ſuppoſed he is harboured by them, or may be furniſhed with a paſs by them. I bought the ſaid negro from Mr. Hammond, at the iron works, who had him of Mr. Lawſon, on the turnpike road, two or three miles from Baltimore, where he has a brother and ſiſter, and one ſiſter free in Baltimore by the name of Suke. Whoever will take up and ſecure ſaid fellow, ſo that I get him again, ſhall receive TWENTY DOLLARS if taken within this ſtate, and if out of the ſtate the above reward, including what the law allows, paid by

J. F. LEFEBRE.

I will give a generous reward to any perſon or perſons who can bring proof againſt thoſe who conceal him ſo that they be brought to juſtice.

October 29, 1798.

By virtue of an order from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, will be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, on Friday the 9th day of November next, if fair, if not the firſt fair day, at the ſubſcriber's, near Herring creek,

PART of the PERSONAL PROPERTY, of JOSEPH HILL, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceaſed, for the purpoſe of diſcharging the debts of the deceaſed.

SUSANNA HILL, Adminiſtratrix.

October 16, 1798.

To be SOLD, by the ſubſcriber, on Monday the fifth day of November next, if fair, if not the firſt fair day,

A PARCEL of LAND, on the Head of Severn, and joining the land of Col. Rezin Hammond, about twelve miles from the city of Annapolis, with a good meadow; the land to be laid off as will beſt ſuit the purchaſers. The terms will be two thirds of the purchaſe money, the other one third the purchaſer to give bond and ſecurity, if required. Alſo, at the ſame time and place will be ſold, for ready caſh, all the crop of corn and fodder, a good ſtock of cattle, hogs, and ſheep, ſome good work ſteers, houſehold and kitchen furniture, and many other things too tedious to mention. The ſale to commence at 11 o'clock, and continue till all is ſold.

WILLIAM WOODWARD, Jun.

October 15, 1798.

By virtue of an order from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, will be SOLD, on the ſecond day of November next,

THE PERSONAL PROPERTY of JOHN TUCKER, late of the county aforeſaid, deceaſed, conſiſting of a variety of houſehold furniture, horſes, cattle, ſheep, hogs, plantation utenſils, &c. The terms of ſale will be made known on the above day.

ANNE TUCKER, Adminiſtratrix.

October 11, 1798.

LIST of LETTERS remaining in the Poſt-Office, Port-Tobacco, which, if not taken up before the firſt day of January next, will be ſent to the General Poſt-Office as dead letters.

WILLIAM G. SMOOT, p.

Mr. Barnes, clk. of Chas. county, 2.
Ignatius Matthews, 1,
Townley Madox, 1,
George Dent, Nanjemoy, 1,
Barton Walton, 1,
Dolley Norwood, living in Cob Neck, 1.
Mrs. Mary Clements, 1,
John Fenwick, 1,
Mrs. Rachel Alexander, 1,
Jacob Dodſon, 1,
Nicholas Blacklock, Eſq; 1,
Henry Hagan, 1,
Richard Virden, 1,
Piercy & Graham, 1,
Charles Thompſon, 1,
Doct. Charles Lancaſter, 1,
Samuel M. Douglaſs, 1,
Widow Phillips, eaſt of Samuel Cox, 1,
Nedey Lucket, 1,
James Payne, 1,

By virtue of an order from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, will be SOLD, to the HIGHEST BIDDER, on Thursday the 15th of November next,

ALL the PERSONAL PROPERTY of JOSHUA LACKLIN, late of said county, deceased.

All persons having claims against said estate, are desired to exhibit them on or before the day of sale, and those indebted are earnestly requested to make immediate payment, to

NANCY LACKLIN, Administratrix.

October 14, 1798.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber intends to petition the next general assembly of Maryland for an act of Silvency.

JOSEPH EVERITT.

Queen-Anne's county, October 1, 1798.

A DAY SCHOOL

IS opened by the subscriber, at Captain WEST's brick house, for the instruction of children in reading, writing, &c. The subscriber will likewise settle accounts, post books, &c. for either merchants or mechanics, with secrecy, punctuality and dispatch, upon the most moderate terms. Those who please to favour him with their commands, the favour will be gratefully acknowledged, by the public's humble servant,

WILLIAM FOXCROFT.

September 22, 1798.

N. B. A Night School will be opened from the hours of 6 to 9 o'clock, for boys that cannot make it convenient to attend in the day time.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of WILLIAM CHAPMAN, deceased, are once more requested to bring them in, legally authenticated, and all those indebted to said estate for property purchased at the sale, are requested to come in and discharge their bonds, or suits will be instituted without respect to persons.

JOHN BEARD.

Beard's Point, October 20, 1798.

RAN away from the subscriber, living in Calvert county, a negro woman called POLL, about twenty-three years of age, four feet four or five inches high, of a yellowish complexion, well made, has a scar on her face, and also on one of her arms, her cloathing unknown; it is supposed she is gone towards Chester river, having a number of acquaintances there. A reward of EIGHT DOLLARS will be paid to any person who takes up said negro, and lodges her in any gaol in this state, or TEN DOLLARS if taken out of the state. w4

JOHN SEDWICK, near the court-house, Calvert county.

A LIST of LETTERS remaining in the Post-Office, Annapolis, which will be sent to the General Post-Office as dead letters, if not taken up before the first day of January next.

THOS. W. ARMAT, Annapolis.

William Brogden, John Bullen (2), Annapolis; Thomas Bicknell, Anne-Arundel county.

Clerk of the House of Delegates (2), Jeremiah T. Chase, Mons. Changeur (2), James Campbell Annapolis; Richard Cromwell, Anne-Arundel county.

Gabriel Duvall (2), John Davidson (2), Howard Duvall, care of Lewis Duvall, Allen Duckett, Annapolis; Robert Duvall, Herring Bay.

Eliza Evans, Jesse Eichelburger, Annapolis; John Elder, son of John, Anne-Arundel county.

John Gwinn (8), Mr. Gray, Mr. Guerin de Lariviere, Mr. Green, Frederick and Samuel Green, Annapolis; John Groves, near Annapolis.

Alexander C. Hanson, Samuel Harvey Howard, Euphane Hamilton, William Hammond, Catharine Hammond, care of Mrs. Stephens, Elizabeth Halkerstone, Nicholas Harwood, Mr. Harwood, Elizabeth Hazel, Samuel Hutton, Annapolis; David Hopkins, Francis Holland, Anne-Arundel county; Edward Hall (2), West River; Richard Harrison, Herring Bay; C. D. Hodges & Co. Pig Point.

George Jenings, Annapolis.

Nathan Levy, care of Arthur Shaaff, Lloyd M. Lowe, Annapolis; James Lucas, Anne-Arundel county.

Madame Marie, Alexander Murray, Jno. M'Cabe, William Muspratt, Annapolis; Nehemiah Miller, Anne-Arundel county.

Jane Owens, West River.

Henry Ridgely, Mary Ringgold, Benjamin Ringgold, Annapolis; John Ridgely, near Annapolis.

Sheriff of Anne-Arundel county, Nancy Smith, Anne-Arundel county; Samuel L. Smith, Pig Point.

Mons. Vergne, Annapolis.

James J. Wilmer, Philip Watts, care of Absalom Ridgely, Thomas White, care of Dr. Scott, Gideon White (2), Annapolis; Walter Worthington, Rebecca Waters, Anne-Arundel county.

Joseph Yates, Annapolis.

S. GREEN, P. M.

N. B. Persons sending for any of the above letters are requested to send the money, or they will not be delivered, October 1, 1798.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT a petition will be presented to the next general assembly, for a law to prevent geese and swine from going at large in the town of Upper-Marlborough in Prince-George's county.

NOTICE.

The subscriber intends removing to Baltimore this fall, and in consequence of which OFFERS, at PUBLIC SALE for READY CASH, on the third Monday in November next,

ALL his LOTS, with the improvements thereon, situate in Port-Tobacco town, Charles county, now under rent for one hundred and seventy-seven pounds ten shillings per year; also several likely country born negroes, which have no claim to freedom; also a quantity of stock, among which are several very large steers, sheep, &c. &c. The sale to commence precisely at one o'clock, at Mr. JOSEPH M. SIMMS, one of the tenants. It is requested that the creditors of the subscriber will attend the sale; also those who are indebted are hereby requested to come forward immediately and settle their respective accounts, or they will be dealt with according to law, as no further indulgence can or will be given.

CHARLES MANKIN.

September 27, 1798.

THE subscriber forewarns all persons from dealing with any of his slaves in any manner or way whatever without leave in writing from himself, or some one of his family; this notice he hopes will be attended to, as he is determined to put the law in force against any offender.

THOMAS HARWOOD, of Annapolis.

June 12, 1798.

Four Dollars Reward.

LOST, on Monday morning the 23d of July, a SILVER WATCH, No. 12296, made by H EAVAF, London, she has a steel chain, with a seal, the stone of which is white, and a key, part of which is broke off, the hour and minute hands are of gold, the point of the minute hand is broke. Whoever has found the same, and will deliver it to the subscriber, shall receive the above reward.

THOMAS FOLKS.

Annapolis, August 1, 1798.

NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of THOMAS LANE, deceased, late of Anne-Arundel county, are requested to have them legally authenticated, and all persons who are indebted unto the said estate are requested to make immediate payments, otherwise suits will be commenced against all delinquents to the spring courts.

BARBARY LANE, Executrix,
OS. S. HARWOOD, Executor.

October 15, 1798.

By virtue of a decree of the honourable the high court of chancery of Maryland, the subscriber will SELL, at PUBLIC SALE, on the premises, on Thursday the 8th of November next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon,

THAT valuable tract of land called SMITH's DELIGHT, containing 150 acres, the property of SAMUEL MAYNARD, sen. lying in Anne-Arundel county, within about two miles of the Chesapeake Bay, well watered, about twenty acres of it valuable meadow ground; the greatest part of the residue cleared and fit for cultivation. The terms on which the above property is sold are, that the purchaser shall give approved bond, with security, to the trustee, for the payment of the purchase money, with interest, within six months from the day of sale.

SAMUEL MAYNARD, jun. D. T.

September 25, 1798.

To be SOLD for CASH, or on long credit,

A FAMILY of SLAVES, consisting of a man, his wife, and their eight children, four boys and four girls, the eldest seventeen years of age, the youngest twelve months; the man is honest and sober, a good gardener, a truly market man, and handy at all work; the woman is an excellent plain cook, honest and sober; the expence of so large a family in town, and the reluctance of the parents to have their children sold, or even separated from them, is the only reason of their being offered for sale. To a good master in the country who would keep the family together, and manumit the female children at twenty-eight years of age, they will be disposed of on easy terms.

PHILIP B. KEY.

Annapolis, October 6, 1798.

To be SOLD, on credit,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, situated on the Chesapeake Bay, on the north side of Severn river, containing between three and four hundred acres; this land lies within about eighteen miles from the city of Baltimore, and five from the city of Annapolis, it abounds with timber of every kind, a large proportion of which is calculated for ships; the soil is fertile and level, and well adapted for grazing and farming, having a quantity of salt marsh; it abounds with fish, oysters, and wild fowl, in their proper seasons. This tract of land is situated on the Chesapeake Bay, and a navigable creek on the other side, from its situation it can be enclosed with one hundred and fifty pannels of fence; the improvements are, a dwelling-house and two apple orchards. From the advantageous situation of this property it must be an object to persons inclinable to purchase. For terms of sale apply to LEMUEL WARFIELD, Baltimore, or to the subscriber on the Head of Severn, Anne-Arundel county.

pts ff LANCELOT WARFIELD.

April 7, 1798.

FOR THE CURE OF COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMAS AND CONSUMPTIONS.

Dr. Church's Cough Drops,

Is a medicine unequalled by any in the world, prepared (only) by the inventor and sole proprietor,

DR. CHURCH, FROM LONDON,

At his medicine Office, No. 1, South Third-street, (next Market) Philadelphia,

And at his house New-York.

The following cases are subjoined as proofs of its efficacy, selected from a number amounting to upwards of ONE THOUSAND!

AFFIDAVIT.

Jacob Macpherson of Paternoster Row, Spital-fields, voluntarily maketh oath before me, that he was grievously afflicted with a violent cough, shortness of breath, pain in his breast, loss of appetite, night sweats, and constantly expectorated a very considerable quantity of glutinous matter, could not go to rest on account of the difficulty of breathing, but used to be propped up in his bed by pillows—that he laboured under this afflicting malady for upwards of eight years; his constitution was emaciated to an alarming degree, and his body greatly wasted and fallen away—that after having the advice of many medical gentlemen, without receiving any essential relief, he applied to Dr. James Church, Finsbury Square, and by taking his medicine, called Church's Cough Drops, and attending to his advice he is now restored to perfect health, nor has he a single sympton of his disorder remaining.

JACOB MACPHERSON.

Sworn before me at the Mansion-house, London, this 10th day of April, 1797.

BROOK WATSON, Mayor.

Letter from Baron Montrose, Esq; Devonshire-street, Portland place, London, addressed to Dr. Church.

Dear Sir,

As you think the publication of my case may tend to your good, I cheerfully consent to your making use of it, out of respect to you, as well for the benefit of mankind, as I think it cannot be too universally known, in the year 1779 I caught a severe cold, which settled upon my lungs—this brought on a violent cough, pain, and tightness across my breast, and shortness of breath. I used to expectorate a frothy, though latter a quantity of glutinous matter, which owing to the violence of the cough, used some times to be mixed with blood. I have had the advice of some of the first physicians in England, whose prescriptions afforded me little more than temporary relief. In consequence of hearing that col. Glover, of Portland place, had been astonishingly relieved by taking your cough drops, I was induced (having before an aversion to advertised remedies) to give your medicine a fair trial and am happy to make known to the world, that I am restored to perfect health by taking it, after having suffered a martyrdom for upwards of 16 years.

I am, dear Sir, your's sincerely.

B. MONTROSE.

Devonshire-street, May 6, 1797.

To Dr. Church.

ANOTHER STRONG PROOF,

Of the great and unparalleled efficacy of DR. CHURCH's COUGH DROPS,

In the cure of

Coughs, Colds, Asthmas and Consumptions.

New York, July 10, 1798.

To DR. CHURCH,

Sir,

For upwards of *twelve years*, I have laboured under a severe cough, shortness of breath, spitting up of matter from my lungs and often of clotted blood, till at length I was so reduced as to be unable to walk across my room, and owing to the violence of my cough and the shortness of my breath, could get no rest day or night. Hearing of your excellent medicine, the Cough Drops, I procured a bottle; I took a dose as soon as I got it, from which I found instantaneous relief, and by continuing it for three days, I bless God I am restored to perfect health. As I believe you to have been the instrument in the hands of Providence of saving my life. I must intreat you to publish this for the benefit of any who may be in my situation, as I am confident it is one of the best medicines in the world for those complaints.

I am, Sir, your grateful servant,

NICHOLAS STAGG,
Little Robinson-street.

CHURCH's COUGH DROPS,

Are prepared and sold by the inventor and sole proprietor, Dr. CHURCH, at his dispensary, Washington-street, New-York, and at his office, No. 1 South Third-street, Philadelphia, and sold by appointment by Messrs. Green's Annapolis.

COMMITTED to my custody, on September the 19th, a negro man by the name of ABRAHAM, who says that he belongs to Dr. JAMES BLAKE, of George-town, he is about 25 or 26 years of age, 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, and well made; his cloathing is a nankeen upper jacket, swandown under jacket, white linen shirt, osnabrig trowsers, blue ribbed cotton stockings, and coarse shoes, and sundry other cloaths. His master is desired to take him away in two months from the above date, or he will be sold for his prison fees and other expences, according to law.

JOHN WELCH, Sheriff of Anne-Arundel county.

October 3, 1798.

Thirty Dollars Reward.

MADE his eſcape out of Anne-Arundel county gaol, laſt evening, a negro man by the name of BEN, but commonly calls himſelf BEN ROGERS, the property of JOHN H. STONE, Eſq; he is about 22 or 23 years of age, about 5 feet 6 inches high, and chunky built; his cloathing is a dark ſhort coat, white kerſey jacket and breeches, white yarn ſtockings, and coarſe ſhoes, he has a ſcar over one of his eyes, and commonly wears has wool plaited. Whoever delivers the ſaid negro at the gaol aforeſaid ſhall be entitled to the above reward inſtead of ten dollars advertiſed by John Welch, Eſq; paid by

THOMAS W. HEWITT, Gaoler.

September 6, 1798.

I MEAN to petition the next general aſſembly to paſs an act to relieve me from debts which I am unable to pay.

JOSHUA GROVES.

NOTICE

IS hereby given, that the inhabitants of that part of Anne-Arundel county called The North Side of Severn, intend to petition the next general aſſembly of Maryland for a law to aſcertain what are the public roads of ſaid diſtrict, and to lay them out for the benefit of the public in general.

NOTICE.

THE ſubſcriber intends to petition the legiſlature of Maryland, at their next ſeſſion, for an act of inſolvency.

THOMAS MARSHALL.

Charles county, September 15, 1798.

NOTICE.

I INTEND to apply to the next general aſſembly for an act, authoriſing the levy court for Saint-Mary's county to aſſeſs annually a ſum of money for the maintenance and ſupport of my ſon, James Flower, who is entirely deprived of his intellects.

JOSEPH FLOWER.

NOTICE.

I INTEND to apply to the next general aſſembly of Maryland for an act of inſolvency, to diſcharge me from debts which I am unable to pay.

B. CAWOOD.

September 4, 1798.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT the ſubſcriber intends to petition the next general aſſembly for an act of inſolvency.

HENRY CRIST.

NOTICE.

I INTEND to petition the next general aſſembly for an act to relieve me from debts I am at preſent unable wholly to pay; the mode of relief is repugnant to my wiſhes, but neceſſity compels me to it.

WILLIAM C. BITHRAY.

Annapolis, September 12, 1798.

NOTICE.

THE ſubſcriber intends preferring a petition to the general aſſembly of the State of Maryland, at the next ſeſſion, for an act of inſolvency.

J. A. CORRY.

Charles county, September 10, 1798.

Charles Faris,

Clock and Watch-Maker,

HAS received a few elegant chamber CLOCKS and Silver WATCHES of the firſt quality, Gold, Gilt and Steel Watch chains, Gold, Gilt and Scotch pebble ſeals, Holſter and Pocket Piſtols, with an aſſortment of Jewelry.

N. B. The higheſt price given for Old Silver.

WHEREAS William Morgan, late of Harford county, deceaſed, did, by his laſt will and teſtament, order and direct ſundry parcels of his real eſtate to be ſold by his executors, by the ſaid will appointed, to wit: by Robert Morgan and Edward Prigg, who have refuſed to execute the truſt repoſed in them; this is therefore to give notice to all concerned, that we, the ſubſcribers, the adminiſtrators of the ſaid William Morgan, deceaſed, intend to petition the next general aſſembly for a law authoriſing us to ſell and convey the ſaid lands ſo deviſed, to be ſold by the laſt will of the ſaid William Morgan, deceaſed.

CASANDRA MORGAN, Adminiſtratrix.
THOMAS CHEW, Adminiſtrator.

October 4th, 1798.

NOTICE is hereby given to all whom it may concern, that I intend to petition the next general aſſembly of the ſtate of Maryland, for an act of inſolvency, to releaſe me from debts which I am unable to pay.

JOHN M'IVER.

October 14th, 1798.

ALL perſons having claims againſt the eſtate of Mr. JOSEPH HARDESTY, deceaſed, will pleaſe to hand them in immediately to capt. CHARLES WILLIAMSON, of Calvert county, who will forward them to me, and thoſe indebted will pleaſe to make immediate payment, to

W 7

RICHARD G. HARDESTY, Adminiſtrator.

Georgetown, October 12, 1798.

THE ſubſcriber, a languiſhing priſoner, hereby gives notice, that he intends to petition the next general aſſembly for an act to relieve him from debts which he is unable to pay.

GEORGE C. SMOOT.

Charles county, September 3, 1798.

THIS is to give notice, I intend to petition the next general aſſembly of this ſtate for the benefit of an act to relieve me of debts I am at preſent unable to pay.

JOHN R. BRYCE.

NOTICE.

I INTEND to petition the legiſlature of Maryland, at their next ſeſſion, for an act of inſolvency.

CLEON CLEMENTS.

September 11, 1798.

NOTICE

IS hereby given, that from a variety of misfortunes I ſhall be obliged to apply to the legiſlature of this ſtate, at their next general aſſembly, to be held at the city of Annapolis, to relieve me from debts I am unable to pay.

THOMAS EARLE.

Baltimore, 12th Sept. 1798.

NOTICE.

I INTEND to petition the next general aſſembly of Maryland for the benefit of an act of inſolvency, to releaſe me from debts which I am unable to pay.

ENOS DUVALL FERGUSON.

Prince-George's county, October 1, 1798.

NOTICE.

I INTEND to apply to the next general aſſembly of Maryland for an act of inſolvency, to diſcharge me from debts which I am unable to pay.

FREDERICK KOONES.

September 4, 1798.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

June 27, 1798.

NOTICE is hereby given, That by virtue of an act, paſſed during the preſent ſeſſion of congreſs, ſo much of the act, entitled, "An act making further proviſion for the ſupport of public credit, and for the redemption of the public debt"—paſſed the third day of March, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ninety-five, as bars from ſettlement or allowance, certificates, commonly called loan-office and final ſettlement certificates, and indents of intereſts, is ſuſpended until the twelfth day of June, which will be in the year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ninety-nine.

That on the liquidation and ſettlement of the ſaid certificates, and indents of intereſt, at the treaſury, the creditors will be entitled to receive certificates of funded three per cent. ſtock equal to the amount of the ſaid indents, and the arrearages of intereſt due on their ſaid certificates, prior to the firſt day of January, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ninety-one.

That the principal ſums of the ſaid loan-office and final ſettlement certificates, with the intereſt thereon, ſince the firſt day of January, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ninety-one, will be diſcharged after liquidation at the treaſury, by the payment of intereſt and reimburſement of principal, equal to the ſums which would have been payable thereon, if the ſaid certificates had been ſubſcribed, purſuant to the acts making proviſion for the debts of the United States, contracted during the late war, and by the payment of other ſums, equal to the market value of the remaining ſtock, which would have been created by ſuch ſubſcriptions as aforeſaid, which market value will be determined by the comptroller of the treaſury.

OLIVER WOLCOTT,
Secretary of the treaſury.

Philadelphia, June 30th, 1798.

Public notice is hereby given,

PURSUANT to the act of congreſs, paſſed on the 12th day of June, 1798, entitled, "An act reſpecting loan-office and final ſettlement certificates, indents of intereſt, and the unfunded or regiſtered debt credited in the books of the treaſury."

1ſt. That on the application of the creditors reſpectively, or their legal attornies, at any time after the laſt day of December in the preſent year, the *principal ſums* of the unfunded or regiſtered debt of the United States credited on the books of the treaſury, or commiſſioners of loans, will be reimburſed at the treaſury of the United States.

2d. That intereſt upon the unfunded or regiſtered debts aforeſaid will ceaſe from and after the laſt day of December in the preſent year.

3d. That the creditors reſpectively will be entitled on requiſition to receive from the proper officers of the treaſury, certificates of funded three per cent. ſtock, equal to the arrearages of intereſt due on the debts aforeſaid prior to the firſt day of January, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ninety-one.

By order of the board of commiſſioners, of the ſinking fund,

EDWARD JONES, Sec'ry.

NOTICE.

I INTEND to apply to the next general aſſembly of Maryland for an act of inſolvency in my favour.

THOMAS HARWOOD, Jun.

NOTICE.

THE ſubſcriber intends to petition the legiſlature of Maryland, at their next ſeſſion, for an act of inſolvency.

BEN. MARSHALL, jun.

Eight Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Anne-Arundel county, on South river, on the 10th inſt. a young black fellow by the name of CHARLES, about five feet ſix or ſeven inches high, his cloathing is uncertain, as he took with him more than one ſuit, but except his coat and ſhirts, his other cloaths conſiſted chiefly of nankeen; he had a ſiſter ſold by Mr. LEONARD GARY, in George-town, ſome time laſt winter, (who alſo ran away from me) by the name of MOLL, who, ſome time before ſhe was apprehended, had hired herſelf to a Mr. JOHN LONG, of George-town. The above deſcribed fellow may attempt to get there, or harbour with his father, who is called NED, and is the property and lives at the plantation of Mr. DAVID STEUART, near Mr. JOHN THOMAS's, on the Manor. Whoever apprehends ſaid negro, and brings him home, or ſecures him in any gaol, ſo that I get him again, ſhall receive the above reward.

THOMAS PINDLE.

N. B. All maſters of veſſels, or other perſons, are forewarned harbouring or concealing ſaid negro at their peril.

T. P.

June 25, 1798.

RAN away, on Tueſday the fourth inſtant, from the eſtate of WILLIAM SANDERS, on South river, a negro man named DENBY, a ſtout black fellow, about 25 years of age, 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, has a quick pert way of ſpeaking; took with him ſundry cloathing, among them a coat and breeches of dark ſtriped elaſtic cloth, a white muſlinet waiſtcoat, and an old pair of corded breeches, a new ſmall round hat, bound, and a pair of black ſhoes; it is expected he has made for Baltimore. A reward of TEN DOLLARS will be paid for ſecuring him in the gaol of Baltimore, ſo that he be had again, or FIVE POUNDS if taken a greater diſtance.

WILLIAM BROGDEN.

September 10, 1798.

RAN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Anne-Arundel county, on the Head of South river, negro NELL, a bright mulatto ſlave, about thirty-eight years of age, of a thin viſage, about five feet four inches high, with long buſhy hair, has been in common uſed to houſe work, ſhe is a very good ſpinner, and, in fact, underſtands how to do any thing about a houſe; her cloaths are uncertain, as ſhe took with her more than one ſuit; ſhe has been ſeen in Annapolis, and it is not unlikely but that ſhe may now be there. I will pay EIGHT DOLLARS to any perſon that will bring her home, or ſecure her ſo that I get her again.

WILLIAM HALL, 3d.

February 8, 1798.

NOTICE.

I INTEND to petition the next general aſſembly of Maryland for an act of inſolvency, to releaſe me from debts which I am unable to pay.

JOSIAS FERGUSON.

Prince George's county, September 21, 1798.

WANTED,

A FEW copies of the laws paſſed at November ſeſſion, 1785; alſo one copy of the proceedings of the houſe of delegates of February ſeſſion, and two of June ſeſſion, 1777; one of October, 1778; one of March, 1779; and one of March, 1780; for which a liberal price will be given by the printers hereof.

To be RENTED,

And poſſeſſion given immediately,

THAT beautiful ſituation, in the neighbourhood of Annapolis, called STRAWBERRY HILL, it contains 175 acres of land, with a moſt excellent dwelling-houſe, offices, &c. For further particulars apply to RICHARD SPRIGG, Weſt river, or

HUGH THOMPSON, Baltimore.

April 18, 1798. tf

Randall and Dobbin,

PROPRIETORS of HOPE MILLS, at the Head of Magothy river, are now ready to purchaſe wheat, corn, and rye, at the mills, or, for convenience to ſellers, they will receive grain at Annapolis, where they mean to keep a conſtant ſupply of freſh ſuperfine flour, corn meal, and bran for ſale; they will always keep a quantity of grain ground at the mills to accommodate thoſe who may come from a diſtance by water with grain to be ground.

They expect in a few days to have a neat aſſortment of wet and dry goods, which they will ſell low for caſh or produce.

Hope Mills, July 17, 1798.

A LIST of LETTERS remaining in the Poſt Office at Upper Marlborough.

DOCT. WILLIAM BAKER, Henry T. Compton, Meſſrs. Culver & Perry, Priſcilla Clagett, Miſs Digges, William Hilkman, Richard Hall, Benjamin Hall, Rinaldo Johnſon, Joſeph Meſſenger, Francis Mercer, John Magill, Elizabeth Sprigg Neal, Samuel L. Smith, Peter Sherwood.

R. W. BRASHEARS, P. M.

ANNAPOLIS:
Printed by FREDERICK and SAMUEL GREEN.